



Crop Progress

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Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 94% of the 2022 corn acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	62	68	79	74
Illinois	87	81	90	84
Indiana	81	56	68	76
Iowa	87	77	89	76
Kansas	93	89	94	90
Kentucky	94	85	89	92
Michigan	58	30	40	54
Minnesota	90	75	86	79
Missouri	89	84	89	86
Nebraska	89	76	84	78
North Carolina	98	97	98	98
North Dakota	89	57	67	64
Ohio	72	29	45	62
Pennsylvania	54	37	46	61
South Dakota	90	60	76	70
Tennessee	99	92	96	97
Texas	100	93	95	94
Wisconsin	52	35	50	55
18 States	85	71	81	77

Soybeans Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 96% of the 2022 soybean acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	93	91	95	82
Illinois	93	89	95	88
Indiana	92	79	87	85
Iowa	97	93	97	92
Kansas	87	80	88	78
Kentucky	79	62	70	70
Louisiana	100	100	100	98
Michigan	87	55	70	74
Minnesota	100	94	97	95
Mississippi	96	97	98	92
Missouri	84	75	84	69
Nebraska	100	92	95	96
North Carolina	54	34	45	48
North Dakota	100	95	95	89
Ohio	91	80	89	83
South Dakota	99	94	97	94
Tennessee	79	73	80	70
Wisconsin	94	77	83	84
18 States	93	85	91	86

Cotton Bolls Opening – Selected States

[These 15 States planted 99% of the 2022 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	99	97	99	98
Arizona	100	100	100	100
Arkansas	100	100	100	100
California	93	90	95	96
Georgia	98	95	98	97
Kansas	95	100	100	97
Louisiana	100	100	100	100
Mississippi	100	100	100	100
Missouri	100	99	100	100
North Carolina	100	99	100	99
Oklahoma	98	97	99	99
South Carolina	100	96	98	99
Tennessee	100	98	99	99
Texas	99	89	92	96
Virginia	100	99	100	100
15 States	99	93	95	97

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 98% of the 2022 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	68	53	68	61
Arizona	48	36	44	45
Arkansas	96	88	96	88
California	69	25	35	57
Georgia	56	32	46	54
Kansas	63	35	42	27
Louisiana	98	98	100	91
Mississippi	91	84	92	81
Missouri	89	79	84	73
North Carolina	69	36	53	58
Oklahoma	43	33	43	38
South Carolina	57	24	42	48
Tennessee	73	62	76	66
Texas	51	43	47	49
Virginia	73	44	52	56
15 States	61	49	57	55

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 6 States harvested 100% of the 2022 sorghum acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	77	68	78	76
Kansas	80	69	81	72
Nebraska	85	69	82	79
Oklahoma	78	60	72	73
South Dakota	87	77	82	77
Texas	100	100	100	97
6 States	86	77	85	81

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 96% of the 2022 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	86	79	85	82
Florida	94	84	92	92
Georgia	88	67	79	82
North Carolina	88	68	84	77
Oklahoma	68	55	85	65
South Carolina	78	63	71	71
Texas	59	50	56	54
Virginia	98	88	93	89
8 States	85	69	79	79

Sugarbeets Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 87% of the 2022 sugarbeet acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Idaho	91	73	92	89
Michigan	68	32	80	74
Minnesota	100	100	100	95
North Dakota	100	99	100	94
4 States	93	84	95	91

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 87% of the 2022 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	51	74	87	65
Kansas	76	74	79	70
North Dakota	79	38	48	62
South Dakota	81	34	52	58
4 States	78	40	53	61

Winter Wheat Planted – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 88% of the 2022 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	64	54	72	67
California	43	25	35	37
Colorado	99	99	100	99
Idaho	98	100	100	99
Illinois	93	90	95	87
Indiana	89	72	84	88
Kansas	92	91	96	92
Michigan	97	69	80	91
Missouri	81	66	78	70
Montana	99	96	97	96
Nebraska	100	100	100	100
North Carolina	52	35	55	43
Ohio	96	87	95	93
Oklahoma	89	75	87	89
Oregon	97	81	88	95
South Dakota	100	97	99	100
Texas	87	73	78	80
Washington	99	98	100	98
18 States	91	84	90	89

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 88% of the 2022 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	40	31	49	48
California	14	10	15	16
Colorado	84	83	87	86
Idaho	86	79	93	86
Illinois	42	63	77	64
Indiana	60	41	61	67
Kansas	67	70	81	74
Michigan	89	58	68	76
Missouri	54	36	55	48
Montana	92	78	85	80
Nebraska	96	95	96	94
North Carolina	30	16	30	25
Ohio	71	57	76	78
Oklahoma	73	54	72	75
Oregon	61	47	60	54
South Dakota	74	79	90	87
Texas	66	55	60	62
Washington	88	74	90	83
18 States	71	64	75	73

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 5, 2023

[These 18 States planted 88% of the 2022 winter wheat acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	2	6	37	48	7
California	-	-	10	60	30
Colorado	1	4	32	58	5
Idaho	-	5	22	71	2
Illinois	1	5	21	56	17
Indiana	2	4	21	58	15
Kansas	16	18	35	28	3
Michigan	1	8	50	38	3
Missouri	-	3	33	55	9
Montana	1	2	31	25	41
Nebraska	3	12	35	39	11
North Carolina	-	2	25	68	5
Ohio	1	1	17	66	15
Oklahoma	4	12	35	46	3
Oregon	-	26	37	32	5
South Dakota	2	2	30	49	17
Texas	8	11	37	38	6
Washington	1	12	31	49	7
18 States	6	11	33	42	8
Previous week	7	11	35	39	8
Previous year	15	19	36	25	5

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 5, 2022	October 29, 2023	November 5, 2023
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)
Alabama	6.0	6.9	7.0
Arizona	7.0	7.0	7.0
Arkansas	4.9	5.7	4.3
California	6.9	6.9	7.0
Colorado	6.4	6.0	6.3
Connecticut	6.0	5.0	6.0
Delaware	5.5	7.0	7.0
Florida	6.8	6.9	6.9
Georgia	6.3	6.7	6.6
Idaho	5.3	5.1	4.2
Illinois	5.2	4.3	5.6
Indiana	5.4	4.7	5.4
Iowa	5.3	4.2	6.0
Kansas	5.8	5.2	6.3
Kentucky	5.7	5.6	5.6
Louisiana	5.6	6.7	6.6
Maine	7.0	4.6	4.5
Maryland	6.0	7.0	7.0
Massachusetts	6.0	5.0	5.5
Michigan	5.5	2.7	4.1
Minnesota	6.1	3.9	4.7
Mississippi	5.5	6.8	6.4
Missouri	5.1	4.2	5.7
Montana	4.4	2.5	3.6
Nebraska	6.2	5.2	5.8
Nevada	6.4	6.3	7.0
New Hampshire	7.0	5.4	7.0
New Jersey	6.0	7.0	7.0
New Mexico	6.4	6.6	7.0
New York	6.5	4.0	4.5
North Carolina	6.1	6.9	6.8
North Dakota	6.4	3.3	3.2
Ohio	6.0	4.5	4.6
Oklahoma	4.8	4.4	5.5
Oregon	5.2	6.0	5.2
Pennsylvania	5.0	6.0	6.0
Rhode Island	6.0	6.0	6.0
South Carolina	6.1	6.6	6.7
South Dakota	6.4	4.4	6.0
Tennessee	5.1	6.2	5.8
Texas	5.8	4.8	5.7
Utah	5.1	5.6	6.5
Vermont	5.5	2.5	3.5
Virginia	6.2	6.9	6.7
Washington	4.3	5.0	4.1
West Virginia	5.8	4.9	5.6
Wisconsin	5.1	2.8	4.3
Wyoming	5.2	5.9	6.1

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 5, 2023

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	43	47	10	-
Arizona	8	1	91	-
Arkansas	7	13	67	13
California	20	10	70	-
Colorado	17	38	44	1
Connecticut	-	-	60	40
Delaware	3	49	46	2
Florida	16	32	52	-
Georgia	31	37	31	1
Idaho	1	14	81	4
Illinois	8	19	69	4
Indiana	6	23	66	5
Iowa	15	40	44	1
Kansas	29	39	29	3
Kentucky	6	38	54	2
Louisiana	50	39	11	-
Maine	-	-	63	37
Maryland	3	22	75	-
Massachusetts	-	-	98	2
Michigan	-	2	73	25
Minnesota	8	22	65	5
Mississippi	36	47	17	-
Missouri	11	36	53	-
Montana	9	39	49	3
Nebraska	21	29	48	2
Nevada	15	15	65	5
New Hampshire	-	-	90	10
New Jersey	-	19	81	-
New Mexico	42	43	14	1
New York	-	2	74	24
North Carolina	21	55	24	-
North Dakota	2	14	77	7
Ohio	-	19	67	14
Oklahoma	8	22	66	4
Oregon	13	36	48	3
Pennsylvania	-	6	90	4
Rhode Island	-	-	60	40
South Carolina	18	51	30	1
South Dakota	3	17	75	5
Tennessee	29	32	39	-
Texas	18	31	46	5
Utah	4	18	63	15
Vermont	-	-	37	63
Virginia	27	36	36	1
Washington	30	33	33	4
West Virginia	13	36	51	-
Wisconsin	3	12	73	12
Wyoming	4	35	44	17
48 States	13	27	55	5
Previous week	13	26	54	7
Previous year	22	36	40	2

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 5, 2023

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	38	53	9	-
Arizona	7	-	93	-
Arkansas	10	19	61	10
California	10	15	75	-
Colorado	16	33	50	1
Connecticut	-	-	-	100
Delaware	1	37	59	3
Florida	12	29	58	1
Georgia	25	36	38	1
Idaho	1	33	65	1
Illinois	13	31	55	1
Indiana	14	30	53	3
Iowa	27	43	29	1
Kansas	34	41	25	-
Kentucky	11	40	48	1
Louisiana	51	39	10	-
Maine	-	-	63	37
Maryland	2	10	88	-
Massachusetts	-	-	98	2
Michigan	-	15	71	14
Minnesota	11	38	48	3
Mississippi	33	48	19	-
Missouri	22	34	44	-
Montana	38	29	32	1
Nebraska	26	37	33	4
Nevada	5	20	75	-
New Hampshire	-	-	100	-
New Jersey	-	14	86	-
New Mexico	41	42	16	1
New York	-	2	84	14
North Carolina	7	51	42	-
North Dakota	5	25	67	3
Ohio	1	37	57	5
Oklahoma	11	33	53	3
Oregon	25	41	32	2
Pennsylvania	-	10	89	1
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	13	47	40	-
South Dakota	5	25	68	2
Tennessee	26	32	42	-
Texas	22	37	38	3
Utah	5	13	69	13
Vermont	-	-	18	82
Virginia	21	38	40	1
Washington	33	27	37	3
West Virginia	13	37	50	-
Wisconsin	9	25	62	4
Wyoming	8	40	35	17
48 States	17	32	48	3
Previous week	17	33	47	3
Previous year	26	36	37	1

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Corn: Harvested
Cotton: Harvested
Peanuts: Harvested
Sorghum: Harvested
Soybeans: Harvested

Sunflowers: Harvested
Winter Wheat: Planted, Emerged, Condition
Days Suitable for Fieldwork
Topsoil Moisture Condition
Subsoil Moisture Condition

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 3,600 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2020 season, over 95 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates. National crop planting progress, progress of development stages, and condition estimates are weighted using the program State's average planted acres over the previous three years. National crop harvest progress estimates are weighted using the program State's average harvested acres over the previous three crop years. Pasture and range condition is weighted using pasture acreage and/or livestock inventories from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Days suitable for fieldwork, topsoil moisture and subsoil moisture are weighted using cropland acreage from the Census of Agriculture.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov.

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Michelle Harder – County Estimates, Hay	(202) 690-8533
James Johanson – Rye, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
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Travis Thorson – Sunflower, Other Oilseeds	(202) 720-7369
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For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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